



September 17, 2004  
Confidential

Appl. No : 09/646,110  
Applicant : Dyck et al.  
Filed : November 5, 2001  
Title : ALIPHATIC AMINO CARBOXYLIC AND AMINO PHOSPHONIC  
ACIDS, AMINO NITRILES AND AMINO TETRAZOLES AS  
CELLULAR RESCUE AGENTS  
TC./A.U. : 1625  
Examiner : Hector M. Reyes  
Docket No. : 10242-34

Honorable Commissioner for Patents  
P. O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

**DECLARATION UNDER 37 CFR §1.132 OF MARK D. BERRY  
TRAVERSING GROUNDS OF REJECTION**

Sir:

Under 37 C.F.R. §1.132 and regarding the rejection of previous claims 25-31 (now claims 32-35) under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, for lack of enablement, I declare:

1. I am an Assistant Professor in the Department of Chemistry at Brandon University, Brandon, Manitoba, Canada.
2. Prior to my current position, I was Senior Scientific Officer and head, Target Identification and Model Development at Alviva Biopharmaceuticals, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada. My education and professional experience are described in further detail in my curriculum vitae, a copy of which is attached as Appendix A.
3. During my employment at Alviva Biopharmaceuticals I was responsible for developing and performing in vitro and in vivo screens for drug candidates, in particular in the field of apoptosis/programmed cell death with particular reference to neurodegenerative diseases. In this capacity, I was involved with and responsible for testing the compounds described and claimed in U.S. patent application number 09/646,110 (hereinafter "the application").
4. I have read and understood the contents of the application.
5. I have read and understood the Office Action, dated June 23, 2004, for the application.

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September 17, 2004  
Confidential

6. In particular I note the Examiner's objection to previous claims 25-31 (now claims 32-35) under 35 USC §112, first paragraph as not being enabling for all of the compounds within the scope of these claims. I respectfully disagree with the Examiner for the reasons that follow.

7. Experiments have been conducted by me or under my supervision which demonstrate that certain compounds listed in the application as being not active in an in vitro assay for cellular rescue, actually have activity in an in vivo assay for cellular rescue. The details and results of these experiments are summarized below.

8. Certain compounds within the scope of previous claims 25-31 (now claims 32-35) of the application were tested for activity in decreasing lesion volume when administered by either oral or intra-peritoneal routes, with the first dose administered 3 hours following lesion, in a rat pial artery disruption model of stroke. The study employed male Wistar rats initially weighing between 220 and 410g. Animals were randomly assigned to treatment groups on the day of surgery, with a maximum of 10 surgeries performed per day. On each day at least one control animal (lesion with drug treatment replaced with vehicle administration) was used. Following anaesthesia animals were placed in a stereotaxic frame and a 5mm diameter hole drilled in the skull 1mm lateral to bregma. The dura were carefully removed and all terminal pial arteries disrupted by pinching with fine forceps. The wound area was cleaned, skin incision closed and topical anaesthetic plus analgesic applied. Animals were housed individually, allowing a card identification system to be employed. After surgery animals were returned to their home cage for recovery. Three hours following surgery animals were treated by either intra-peritoneal or oral administration of the test compound at various doses, or vehicle (PBS). Drug/vehicle treatment was repeated 24 hours after initial drug administration, with animals killed by anaesthetic overdose 24 hours following final drug administration. The brain was removed, immersion fixed in FAM (40% formaldehyde; glacial acetic acid; methanol: 1;1;8: v;v;v) and stored in FAM until paraffin embedded. Slices (20µm thick) were cut from paraffin embedded brains throughout the entire extent of the lesion. Slices were stained with haematoxylin and eosin, and lesion volume determined microscopically.

September 17, 2004  
Confidential

9. The results for the test compounds obtained from the in vivo study are as follows:

<u>Test Compound</u>	<u>Rescue (R) or No Rescue (X)*</u>
<b>Carboxylic Acids</b>	
R-3-(2-heptylamino)propionic acid	R
S-3-(2-heptylamino)propionic acid	X
R-3-(2-pentylamino)propionic acid	R
S-3-(2-pentylamino)propionic acid	X
R-4-(2-heptylamino)butanoic acid	R
3-(2-propylamino)propionic acid	R
3-(1-hexylamino)propionic acid	R
<b>Carboxylate Esters</b>	
Methyl R-3-(2-heptylamino)propionate	R

\* Dose of 1 mg/kg

10. The above results demonstrate that the compound, R-3-(2-pentylamino)propionic acid, possesses cellular rescue activity in vivo. This is in contrast to the in vitro results obtained and presented in the application, where this compound was listed as a non-rescuer.

11. The results presented above further demonstrate that R-4-(2-heptylamino)butanoic acid, a compound not specifically disclosed in the application, but within the scope of the claims and representing an example of a compound where  $n = 3$ , was shown to have cellular rescue activity.

12. I submit that foregoing results demonstrate the vulnerability of in vitro bioassays to occasional, often unexpected, glitches, which contributes to the apparent unpredictability in the activity of the claimed compounds.

13. I further submit that the application does support a method for treating diseases in which cell death occurs by apoptosis by administering a compound of Formula I as defined in previous claims 25-31 (now claims 32-35).

14. I declare further that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true and, further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that wilful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under

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*September 17, 2004*

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Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such a wilful false statement may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

19/Sept/04  
Date

  
Mark D. Berry

**Appendix A**  
**Curriculum Vitae**

**Personal**

<b>Name</b>	Mark Darren Berry	
<b>Address-home</b>	2133, Ewart Avenue Saskatoon Saskatchewan Canada S7J 1X8	<b>-work</b> Department of Chemistry Room 4-12, J.R. Brodie Science Centre Brandon University Brandon, Manitoba Canada, R7A 6A9
<b>Phone -home</b>	(306)374-8837	<b>-work</b> (204)727-9775
<b>Fax -home</b>	(306)374-8837	<b>-work</b> (204)
<b>e-mail-home</b>	<a href="mailto:markberry@sasktel.net">markberry@sasktel.net</a>	<b>-work</b> <a href="mailto:berryym@brandonu.ca">berryym@brandonu.ca</a>
<b>Date of Birth</b>	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 1968	
<b>Nationality</b>	British (Canadian landed immigrant)	

**Education/Employment**

**2004      Assistant Professor**  
Department of Chemistry, Brandon University  
Brandon, Manitoba, Canada

**Responsibilities:**

- Teaching undergraduate degree courses in Chemistry and Biochemistry
- Supervision of undergraduate project thesis
- Supervision of undergraduate biochemistry laboratory sessions

**2003      Senior Scientific Officer**  
ALviva Biopharmaceuticals Inc.  
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada

**2000-2002      Head, Target Identification and Model Development**  
ALviva Biopharmaceuticals Inc.  
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada

**Responsibilities:**

- Supervision of research scientists and technicians
- Development of screening and disease specific *in vitro* and *in vivo* models
- Investigation of the mechanism of action of lead compounds
- Assessment of competitor technologies
- Determination of competitive advantages of compound library
- Writing of final project reports
- Writing technical due diligence document
- Identification of external research scientists for collaborative projects
- Presentation of information to potential investors and collaborators
- Design of new research laboratories and animal facilities
- Formation of the Animal Care Committee
- Presentation of data at scientific meetings

**Research specialization:**

- apoptosis/programmed cell death with particular reference to neurodegenerative diseases
- targets of anti-apoptotic drug action.
- modulation of central monoaminergic neurotransmission
- trace amines
- general pharmacology
- modulation of cancer chemotherapeutics

**Courses/Training:**

- GLP training
- animal care and handling certification
- manager/supervisor conference

**1999-2000     Senior Research Scientist**  
ALviva Biopharmaceuticals Inc.  
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada

**Responsibilities:**

- Supervision of research technicians
- *In vitro* and *in vivo* screening of compound library
- Investigation of the mechanism of action of lead compounds
- Presentation of information to potential investors and collaborators
- Presentation of data at scientific meetings

**1999-present     Adjunct Professor**  
Department of Psychiatry  
University of Saskatchewan  
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada

**Responsibilities:**

- Supervision of research technicians
- Supervision of graduate students
- Teaching graduate student level classes

**1996-1999 Post-doctoral Research Associate**

Neuropsychiatry Research Unit  
University of Saskatchewan  
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada

**Responsibilities:**

- Supervision of graduate and undergraduate students
- Teaching graduate student level classes

**Research Specialization:**

- Anti-apoptotic effects of endogenous polyamines
- Anti-aging effects of anti-apoptotic compounds
- Role of glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase in apoptotic cascades

**1993-1995 Post-doctoral Researcher**

Department of Pharmacology  
Ohio State University  
Columbus, Ohio, USA

**Research Specialization:**

- Regulation of aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase

**1989-1993 Graduate student**

Neuropsychiatry Research Unit  
University of Saskatchewan  
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada

**Qualifications**

Ph.D. (Neuropsychiatry). "The neuromodulatory effect of 2-phenylethylamine on catecholaminergic systems"  
Supervisor – Dr. I. Alick Paterson  
Awarded September 1993

**1986-1989 Student**

Department of Pharmacology  
Sunderland University  
Sunderland, Tyne & Wear, England

**Qualifications**

B.Sc.(Hons.) Pharmacology (2:1[Upper second class])  
Awarded June 1989

### Awards/Prizes

- 1997** American Society for Neurochemistry Travel Award
- 1994-1995** The Ohio State University Parkinson's Disease Center of Excellence Post-doctoral Fellowship
- 1990-1993** University of Saskatchewan graduate student scholarship
- 1988** ICI prize for best overall second year grades, Sunderland University

### Grants

- 1999** A.A. Boulton and **M.D. Berry**  
Huntington Society of Canada Navigator Research Award. One year non-renewable. *Huntington's disease, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and apoptosis.*
- 1998** **M.D. Berry**, B.A. Davis and A.A. Boulton  
NRC IRAP Industrial Research Grant. *Development of lead compounds from an aliphatic propargylamine library for Alzheimer's disease and stroke.*

### Editing

- 2003** **M.D. Berry** and A.A. Boulton  
*Progress in Neuropsychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry* Special Issue – Apoptosis and Neurodegenerative Diseases. 27; 197-332.

### Publications

#### Book chapter:

- 2002** **M.D. Berry** and P.C. Ashe  
Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase as a target for anti-apoptotic drug action. *NeuroMethods 37: Apoptosis techniques and protocols*. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. (ed. A. LeBlanc) pp. 149-161.

#### Papers:

- 2004** A. Holt, **M.D. Berry** and A.A. Boulton  
On the binding of monoamine oxidase inhibitors to some sites distinct from the MAO active site, and effects thereby elicited. *Neurotoxicology* 25; 251-266.



**M.D. Berry**

Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase as a target for small molecule disease-modifying therapies in human neurodegenerative disorders. *J. Psych. Neurosci.* (invited commentary – in press)

**M.D. Berry**

Mammalian central nervous system trace amines: pharmacologic amphetamines, physiologic neuromodulators. *J. Neurochem.* 90; 257-271.

**2003** P.C. Ashe and **M.D. Berry**

Cell death signal transduction pathways. *Prog. Neuropsychopharmacol. & Biol. Psychiat.* 27; 199-214.

**2002** **M.D. Berry** and A.A. Boulton

Aliphatic propargylamines as symptomatic and neuroprotective treatments for neurodegenerative disorders. *Neurotoxicol. Teratol.* 24; 667-673.

**M.D. Berry** and A.A. Boulton

Aliphatic propargylamines as treatments for neurodegenerative diseases: catecholamine research – from molecular insights to clinical medicine. *Adv. Behav. Biol.* 53; 455-458.

**2001** P.C. Ashe, **M.D. Berry** and A.A. Boulton

Schizophrenia, a neurodegenerative disorder with neurodevelopmental antecedents. *Prog. Neuro-Psychopharmacol. & Biol. Psychiat.* 25; 691-707.

**2000** **M.D. Berry** and A.A. Boulton

Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and apoptosis. *J. Neurosci. Res.* 60; 150-154.

A.-M. Duchemin, **M.D. Berry**, N.H. Neff and M. Hadjiconstantinou

Phosphorylation and activation of brain aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase by cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase. *J. Neurochem.* 75; 725-731.

**1999** R.G. Jordens, **M.D. Berry**, C. Gillott and A.A. Boulton

Prolongation of life in an experimental model of aging in *Drosophila melanogaster*. *Neurochem. Res.* 24; 227-233.

**M.D. Berry**

N<sup>8</sup>-acetyl spermidine protects rat cerebellar granule cells from low K<sup>+</sup> induced apoptosis. *J. Neurosci. Res.* 55; 341-351.

M.D. Berry

R-2HMP, an orally active agent combining independent anti-apoptotic and MAO-B inhibitory activities. *CNS Drug Rev.* **5**; 105-124.

D. Zhang, M.D. Berry, I.A. Paterson and A.A. Boulton  
Loss of mitochondrial membrane potential is dependent on the apoptotic program activated: prevention by R-2HMP. *J. Neurosci. Res.* **58**; 284-292.

**1996** M.D. Berry, A.V. Juorio, X.-M. Li and A.A. Boulton  
Aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase: a neglected and misunderstood enzyme. *Neurochem. Res.* **21**; 1075-1087.

**1994** M.D. Berry, A.V. Juorio and I.A. Paterson  
The functional role of monoamine oxidases A and B in the mammalian central nervous system. *Prog. Neurobiol.* **42**; 375-391.

M.D. Berry, A.V. Juorio and I.A. Paterson  
Possible mechanisms of action of (-)deprenyl and other MAO-B inhibitors in some neurologic and psychiatric disorders. *Prog. Neurobiol.* **44**; 141-161.

M.D. Berry, E. Scarr, M.-Y. Zhu, I.A. Paterson and A.V. Juorio  
The effects of administration of monoamine oxidase-B inhibitors on rat striatal neuron responses to dopamine. *Br. J. Pharmacol.* **113**; 1159-1166.

**1991** I.A. Paterson, A.V. Juorio, M.D. Berry and M.-Y. Zhu  
Inhibition of monoamine oxidase-B by (-)deprenyl potentiates neuronal responses to dopamine agonists but does not inhibit dopamine catabolism in the rat striatum. *J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther.* **258**; 1019-1026.

#### Patents:

**1997** M.D. Berry, B.A. Davis, I.A. Paterson, D.A. Durden and A.A. Boulton  
N-alkanoyl- and N-alkylpolyamines as cellular rescue agents and modulators of antineoplastic action. *United States Provisional Application #60/110,167, filed 27 November 1998. Re-filed 2001.*

#### Abstracts (last 3 years) – 30 total

**2002** M.D. Berry, A. Holt, K. Williamson, R. Ortmann and A.A. Boulton  
Small molecule aliphatic amines as centrally available, non-toxic neural rescue agents for use in chronic and acute degenerative disorders. *Society for Neuroscience* (Orlando, Florida).

M.D. Berry, L.Osman, K. Williamson, D. Douglas and C. Weeks-Levy  
Administration of aliphatic propargylamines at 7 hours following permanent focal ischaemia show rescue of neurons. *Keystone Symposium: Stroke – Molecular, Cellular, Pharmacologic and Development of New Therapeutics* (Taos, New Mexico).

- 2001 **M.D. Berry**, L. Osman, K. Williamson and A.A. Boulton  
Aliphatic compounds rescuing from permanent focal ischaemia when administration is delayed until 5 hours after lesion. **American College for Neuropsychopharmacology** (Waikoloa, Hawaii).
- M.D. Berry**, L. Osman, K. Williamson, D. Douglas and C. Weeks-Levy  
Aliphatic propargylamines as potent rescue agents in an in vivo stroke model. **2<sup>nd</sup> Mechanisms of Cell Death and Disease Conference: Advances in Therapeutic Intervention** (Falmouth, Massachusetts).
- M.D. Berry**, L. Osman, K. Williamson and D. Douglas  
Aliphatic propargylamines rescue from permanent focal ischaemia when administered 5 hours following insult. **Society for Neuroscience** (San Diego, California).
- R.G. Jordens, **M.D. Berry** and A.A. Boulton  
Premature loss of climbing ability in *Drosophila* aging models. **Society for Neuroscience** (San Diego, California).
- M.D. Berry** and L.D. Hanson  
Aliphatic propargylamines and their derivatives: *in vitro* rescue from  $\beta$ -amyloid (25-35) induced toxicity. **5<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Progress in Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease** (Kyoto, Japan).
- M.D. Berry**, D. Douglas, L. Osman, K. Williamson and A.A. Boulton  
Rescue from focal ischaemia by novel aliphatic propargylamines and their metabolites. **Joint ISN/ASN meeting** (Buenos Aires, Argentina).
- R.G. Jordens, **M.D. Berry** and A.A. Boulton  
Effects of galactose substitution on the expression of superoxide dismutase and catalase in a *Drosophila melanogaster* aging model. **Joint ISN/ASN meeting** (Buenos Aires, Argentina).

#### Students

##### Doctorate

- 1996-2002** Robert G. Jordens, co-supervisor (with Dr. A.A. Boulton)  
"The effects of galactose ingestion and selected pharmacological agents on lifespan, climbing ability, and the expression of *superoxide dismutase* and *catalase* in *Drosophila melanogaster*"  
Ph.D. awarded September, 2002
- 1998-2000** Dajiang Zhang, co-supervisor (with Dr. A.A. Boulton)

“Anti-apoptotic actions of R-2HMP in cerebellar granule cells: changes of mitochondrial membrane potential and sub-cellular GAPDH protein”  
Ph.D. awarded September, 2000.

### **Masters**

**1998-2000** Colleen Fennig, co-supervisor (with Dr. A.A. Boulton)  
“Putative anti-apoptotic effects of anti-psychotics on cerebellar granule cells”  
M.Sc. awarded September, 2000.

### **Undergraduate**

**2004** Jason Lamontagne  
“Detection and quantification of trace amines in foodstuffs implicated in the initiation of migraine attacks”  
Undergraduate honours degree thesis

**1996** Robert G. Jordens (summer student), co-supervisor (with Dr. A.A. Boulton)

### **Teaching**

**2004** 18.160 General Chemistry. Brandon University  
18.363 Biochemistry I. Brandon University  
18.174/74.174 Introductory Physical Science (Chemistry section). Brandon University

**2002** Psiat 850.6 Neuropsychiatry (Neurophysiology section) University of Saskatchewan.

ch 400 Guest lecturer (“Drug development in a Start-up Biopharmaceutical Company”) University of Saskatchewan

**2000** Psiat 898.3 Special topics in Neuropsychiatry (“Neurobiology of human neurodegenerative diseases”). University of Saskatchewan.

Psiat 850.6 Neuropsychiatry (Neurophysiology section) University of Saskatchewan.

**1998** Psiat 850.6 Neuropsychiatry (Neurophysiology section) University of Saskatchewan.

### **Committees**

**2002-2003** ALviva Biopharmaceuticals Animal Care Committee

- 2000-2002** ALviva Biopharmaceuticals Safety Committee
- 1997-2002** Graduate student advisory committee member for R.G. Jordens. Awarded Ph.D. September, 2002.
- 1997-2000** Graduate student advisory committee member for D. Zhang and K. Tieu. Both awarded Ph.D. September 2000.
- 1998-2000** Graduate student advisory committee member for C. Fennig. Awarded M.Sc. September 2000.
- 1994-1995** Executive board member of the Ohio State University Health Sciences Post-doctoral Society.

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